THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Vol. 28. FRIDAY, *April* 15, 1814. No. 28.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
EVERY FRIDAY MORNING,
BY
JOHN SCULL,
CORNER OF MARKET & FRONT STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

Terms of Publication.

The PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, *is published every Friday morning, at Three Dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.*

If the subscriber does not request a discontinuance of his Paper, at the expiration of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS, not exceeding a square, are inserted at One Dollar for the first three insertions, & Twenty-five Cents for every continuance—those of a greater length in proportion; when continued a year, a deduction of twenty per cent will be made.

PERSONS sending Advertisements are requested to note the number of times they wish them inserted.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS, and printing in general, executed with neatness and despatch.

Speakman & Say,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DRUGGISTS,

Having established a *Drug & Chemical Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, & taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

n Market Street, the third door from Front Street,

Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expenses, ONLY.

☞ *They now offer for sale, an assortment of* DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, *&c. for* CASH, PRODUCE, *or at the usual credit.*

May 30, 1813 tfq

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Offer on Leases of Ten Years from the first of April, 1815, the following

PROPERTY IN PITTSBURGH.

No. 1. THE Ferry Lot on the corner of Wood, Water, and Front streets. It contains 60 feet on Water street, on which are a valuable two story brick house and a three story frame one, weather-boarded and painted, and is a capital stand for a Store. The Ferry is allowed to be the best one on the Monongahela, and the situation of the property generally admirably calculated for the river trade, as it affords the easiest and most convenient communication; its length is 160 feet on Wood street, and is directly opposite Mr. T. Cromwell's warehouse, a number of shops are erected thereon, and on Front street it contains 60 feet, the corner occupied by Mr. Samuel Smith as a store, and is a well known stand. The real advantages of the Ferry are so well known as to need no comment. It is occupied by Mr. W. Graham.

2. The House and Lot on Water and Front street, with a front of 60 feet on each, by 160 feet deep, a few doors above Wood street, now occupied by Mr. Le Lacheur.

3. A Lot on Penn street, next to the valuable improvements of Mr. Abner Barker. It borders on the Allegheny river, and would be valuable for a boat-yard, as it is 60 feet front by more than 400 deep.

As several applications have already been made to the subscribers for this property, they now give public notice that any person disposed to lease may know their terms by applying to either of them residing in Yorktown Penn.

JOHN IRWIN,
HENRY IRWIN.

Yorktown, (Penn.) Feb. 10, 1814.

THE PITTSBURGH POINT BREWERY,

IS in operation. Customers for home consumption or exportation, supplied on the usual terms,

The highest price in Cash paid for merchantable

BARLEY,

as usual. For J. O'HARA.

GEO. SHIRAS.

September 23, 1813. tfq

TO LET,

On PERMANENT LEASES, and possession given the 1st of April next.

SIXTY Elegant Building LOTS, situate on the Allegheny river, fronting on the new Turnpike leading to Hill's and adjoining lots of Col. O'Hara, suitable for merchants and manufacturers.—Any person wishing to Lease, will call at Mrs. Adams's in Front street, where a plan will be exhibited.

GEORGE A. BAYARD.

Pittsburgh, February 9, 181

WHOLESALE SHOE AND LEATHER *STORE.*

JUST OPENED,

AT No. 11, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Six doors below Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA,

WHERE THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER

FOR SALE,

20,000 pair first quality

Mens' coarse Shoes,
5,000 pair second quality do do do
10,000 do first do do lined and bound do
2,000 do second do do do do
2,000 do first do calf & seal do
1,000 do do do leather and pink lined do
1,000 pair mens' laced Boots,
1,000 do boys coarse and fine Shoes,
1,000 do do laced Boots & Jeffersons
10,000 do womens' Shoes, assorted.

ALSO,

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF

LEATHER,

☞ *Which they will dispose of on such terms as are calculated to invite dealers in the above articles.*

ALEX. CLAY, & Co.

March 1, 1814. (18) lawf2m

Storage & Commission WAREHOUSE.

BOYLE IRWIN respectfully informs his friends and the public, that having taken ISAAC HARRIS into partnership in his Commission Business, it will now be conducted under the firm of *Boyle Irwin & Co.* who promise every exertion to merit a share of public confidence and promote the interest of those who place property at their disposal.

WE NOW OFFER FOR SALE,

Juniata Barr Iron assorted, by the ton or cwt.
Grass and Corn Scythes, superior quality
Cotton Cards, No. 10, by the box
Pewter Plates, by the box
Philadelphia 4dy Cut Nails, by the keg
Do. Rosin Soap, by the box
Logwood, by the ton or cwt.
Gunpowder, by the keg
Kentucky Tobacco
Lead, by the cwt. or pig
Old Hyson Tea, by the chest
Glue, by the barrell
Herrings, good, by ditto
Mill-wrags, cranks, gudgeons, stoves, &c.

*** 8 boxes Cotton Cards, marked J. A. received in store in the name of James Andrews, are subject to his order.

N. B. A constant supply of Cordage and Twines will be kept at the Warehouse, and orders, for Rigging or particular Ropes, will be filled the same as if left at the Ropewalk of

BOYLE IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, March 23, 1814. 6t.

Depreciation Land FOR SALE,

IN Beaver county, No. 3 and 4, Braden's District, and No. 10, M'Clain's District—in Butler county, No. 3 and 89, Nicholson's District—and in Allegheny county, No. 21, Cunningham's District and No. 115, Alexander's District.—Those desirous of purchasing may call on Monday and Tuesday in any week, at the subscriber's, in Ohio township, Allegheny county.

JOHN WAY.

January 20, 1814. tf

A Valuable Farm FOR SALE.

UPWARDS OF 100 *ACRES OF BOTTOM LAND, in the Town of* COLUMBIA,

ON the Ohio river, and 5 and 1-2 miles from Cincinnati, under high cultivation, with two orchards, a fine garden enclosed with board fence, a frame barn 50 by 25, corn cribs, etc. with 32 acres of grain in the ground, & a large proportion of meadow, for sale on easy terms.

JOHN ARMSTRONG.

Columbia, Nov. 21, 1813. tfq

JUSTICES BLANKS,

Handsomely printed on good paper for sale at this Office.

FOR SALE.

BIG SPRING MILLS,
On Blue River, Indiana Territory.

THE subscriber offers the above property for sale, to which is attached upwards of 800 acres of first rate land, the greater part of which is river bottom, covered with walnut, cherry, poplar and oak timber; there are 50 acres now under cultivation, and 70 acres (on which the timber has lately been deadened) that may be prepared for cultivation at a small expence; there is also on the premises a stone house 40 feet by 20, which is yet unfinished, and a young apple orchard of about 120 engrafted trees; the grist and saw mill are much out of order, but owing to the excellence of the mill seat and the superabundance of water even in the driest seasons, added to its vicinity to a rich and populous settlement, it is presumed it will be worthy the attention of the industrious farmer.

The distance from this mill seat to Louisville, (Ken.) in a direct line, is 20 miles, and six miles west of Corydon, the seat of government of the territory. When blue river is high, boats may be loaded at the mill, and descend with safety to the Ohio, a distance of twelve miles. For terms apply to *George Wallace*, in Pittsburgh, or to *Waller Taylor*, at Jeffersonville, (Ind. Ter.) who can give a more particular description.

WILLIAM H. HARRISON.

January 6, 1814.

BARR IRON.

The subscriber has now on hand, and intends keeping, a general assortment of *JUNIATA & CENTRE COUNTY* BARR IRON,

which he will sell on reasonable terms for Cash. Waggoners and blacksmiths may be supplied with all kinds of waggon tire, drawn for that purpose. He likewise keeps an assortment of the best waggon boxes.

WILLIAM LACKEY.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1814. tf

LOTS FOR SALE.

A FEW TOWN AND OUT LOTS ARE YET *FOR SALE,*
In that part of BIRMINGHAM,

WHICH is called Sidneyville, situate on the plain on the south side of the Monongahela river, nearly opposite to Pittsburgh. Let Mechanicks and manufacturers who wish to purchase take a view of the situation of this place, and compare its advantages with those of any other situation in and about Pittsburgh, and their own interest will compel them to judge correctly of the importance of early securing a Lot in this place. The prices of these Lots are moderate; less, in fact, than the ground rent for one year of other lots of the same size about Pittsburgh. How shall we account for the folly of taking perpetual leases, at an enormous rent, of ground not more advantageously situated, while any of these Lots can be purchased at their present prices? A plan can be seen, and terms of Sale made known, by applying to

JOHN M'DONALD
Wood Street.

Pittsburgh, March 17, 1813.

DOCTOR G. DAWSON,

Has just received a general and complete supply of Fresh

Drugs and Medicines,

FAMILY, Patent & Horse medicines, Surgeons Instruments, Paints of all kinds, Spirits Turpentine, Spices, Perfumery, Oils, Varnishes, Gold leaf, Smalts, &c. &c. selected with particular care from the latest importations, and WARRANTED GENUINE, which, being purchased with CASH, enables him to sell them on very moderate terms, wholesale and retail.

Practitioners of Physick, and Storekeepers, will be supplied with genuine articles, at the lowest prices.

*** Worm Tea of superior quality, by the dozen or single paper.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

TWO APPRENTICES:—In addition to the profession of Druggist and Apothecary, they will have the advantage of acquiring the theory and practice of Physick and Surgery.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1813.

HATS, AND HATTERS TRIMMINGS.

THE subscribers have just received in addition to their former stock, a very large and elegant assortment of *HATS, & HATTERS TRIMMINGS.* These articles are laid in on the best terms, and are offered to country merchants, hatters, and other, at the most liberal prices; and are therefore well worth attention.

PEEBLES, TWEEDY & Co.

☞ Merchants descending the river, may have their orders filled at the shortest notice.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 23 tfq

STORAGE AND COMMISSION BUSINESS.

The subscriber has, at a great expence, just completed a convenient

WAREHOUSE,

Above the Steam Mill, where he can oad and unload boats without the expence of drayage. His long residence in town and general acquaintance through the country, and his strict attention to the business, will make it an object with the public to favor him with their patronage.

JESSE READER.

Cincinnati, December 28, 1813.

THE STEAM ENGINE FOUNDERY,

ON FRONT STREET,

BACK OF THE PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL,

IS in complete operation, and ready to supply castings of all descriptions—but particularly in a mechanical line, viz:—*All kinds of castings appertaining to Merchant Flour Mills; Rolling & Slitting, Forging & Tilting Mills; Fulling and Oil Mills, &c. Sugar mills, Sugar boilers, Pot-ash kettles, Stills, Soap and Salt kettles, &c.*

☞ *The "Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company," as usual carry on the making of Steam Engines of every description.* They will also furnish Paper mill screws, Fullers and Mill screws, and all kinds of the large orders. Also, Mill spindles & rynes, and Saw mill cranks and large work generally.

February 18, 1813----*tfq*

Wholesale & Retail,

HAT & SHOE STORE.

JAMES GIBSON,

MARKET STREET,

Next door to the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HAS FOR SALE ALL KINDS OF

Mens, Boys and Childrens Fur Hats.

with a large assortment of

SHOES,

of the first quality, on the most reasonable terms for Cash or approved Paper.

☞ *Merchants and Traders may at all times be supplied with complete assortments.*

Pittsburgh, October 12, 1813.

Lots for Sale.

A FEW SMALL LOTS FOR SALE,
Fronting on Liberty and Penn Streets.

ALSO,

Three Out Lots near the Town of Allegheny.

For terms apply to

DAVID EVANS.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 17, 1814 *tfq*

A NEW FULLING MILL,

At JOSEPH WAINWRIGHT'S Grist Mill, situated on the Allegheny river, two miles above Pittsburgh, is nearly finished and will be in operation in ten days.

JOSHUA TINKER,

BEGS leave to inform the public that he has undertaken to conduct the *Fulling, Dyeing,* and *Dressing* of *Woollen Cloth* at the above place, and is now ready to receive Cloth at the Mill.

From his experience in that branch of business, both in this country and Europe, he hopes by his manner of finishing and moderation of charge, to give satisfaction to all those who may intrust Cloth to his care, and having a plentiful supply of water in all seasons of the year, he will be ready at all times to finish and return goods without delay.

Winterton Mills, February 9, 1814

POTASH WANTED.

THE highest price will be given in Cash, for a quantity of merchantable *POTASH,*

delivered at Redstone Old Fort, or to *Cromwell & Robinson, Pittsburgh.*

WILLIAM TROTH, *Agent, for the Bridgeport Glass Company.*

August 6th, 1812.

22 Building Lots

TO be Let on perpetual Leases. They are situated on High street, Grant street, and the continuation of Fourth street.—Apply to WM. WILKINS.

Pittsburgh, January 19, 1814.

FOR SALE,

4,000 Feet White Oak SQUARE LOGS,

AND

10,000 Lap Shingles.

APPLY TO H. HOLDSHIP,
in Third street.

March 25, 1814.

FOUND,

ON Tuesday morning the 29th inst. a New LEDGER, supposed to contain about five quires of paper. The owner may have it again on proving property and paying for this advertisement, on application to,

THOMAS RODD,
At Mr. Cowan's Rolling Mill.

Pittsburgh. March 30, 1814.

WOOL HATS,

THE subscriber will purchase a large quantity of WOOL HATS; for which he will pay the Cash on delivery—or will contract with Hatters in the country for any number not exceeding 500 dozen of Wool Hats; and if desirable, furnish them with Wool and Fur in payment.

ROBERT PEEBLES.

Pittsburgh, September 30, 1813.

The Union Brewery, IS IN OPERATION.

THE publick are informed that orders for home consumption or exportation shall be promptly attended to on the customary terms.

☞ *The highest price in CASH, paid for merchantable BARLEY, delivered at the Union Brewery, in Liberty street.*

HAMILTON, BROWN & Co.

March 11, 1814 tfq

NOTICE,

ALL persons having claims against the estate of SAMUEL GRAHAM, deceased, are requested to present them for settlement to the subscriber, properly attested, and those who are indebted to said estate are likewise required to come forward and make payment. It is hoped this notice will be promptly attended to, as a settlement of the estate must speedily be made

WILLIAM GRAHAM, *Executor.*

Pittsburgh, March 15, 1814.

GLASS BLOWING.

WANTED immediately, two or three sober steady LADS, from 14 to 16 years of age, as Apprentices to the above business. Apply at our Manufactory on the south side of the Monongahela, opposite Wood Street.

TREVOR & ENCELL.

Pittsburgh, July 13, 1813.

☞ Cash given for POT and PEARL ASHES

Lots for Sale or Lease.

A FEW small LOTS for Sale or Lease, fronting on Smithfield and Seventh streets, and on Cherry alley.—For terms apply to,

GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, January 20, 1814. tf

Lots for Sale or Lease.

I WILL Sell or Let on Perpetual Lease, the property on which I now live, consisting of four full LOTS of Ground, with an excellent two story brick House, well finished.

WM. B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1814. tf

Cash for Wheat.

ONE DOLLAR TWENTY FIVE CENTS

PER BUSHELL, GIVEN FOR

WHEAT. CORN & RYE,

Purchased at 62 and 1-2 Cents, at the *Pittsburgh Steam Mill.*

April 15, 1814 tf

Wanted Immediately,

TWO APPRENTICES,

To the GLASS CUTTING *business.*

BOYS of good character & respectable connexions, from 14 to 16 years of age, will find a good situation.

☞ Boys from the country, would be prefered. Apply to

ARNOLD EICHBAUM,

Corner of Liberty and Fourth streets.

March 30, 1814. tfq

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Pittsburgh, April 8th, 1814.

SIR,

No good man can be indifferent to public opinion. But in order to preserve its favor, it is not necessary to contend publicly with every calumniator whom passion or interest may raise up against fair reputation. The general tenor of a man's life is the best refutation of slander against his morals; and the permanent utility of his works will ultimately remove all doubts of his talents and of his industry.

There are, however, cases in which the unpleasant task of publicly repelling calumny must be encountered. Such a case is my own. I have but lately become a citizen of this town, and it is my wish as well as my interest to commence my career favorably in public opinion.—The imputations, therefore, which Mr. Oliver Evans has thrown upon me in the papers which bear his name, and which are published in your Gazette, as well as in a handbill industriously circulated, and in that most valuable work the Emporium, require to be removed. I cannot, however, defend myself with the weapons with which he attacks me. Neither my habits nor my feelings permit me to use coarse personality. In any place in which I had long resided, and were better known, I should have declined the contest. I would have gone out of his way, and with the prudence and sensations with which I should give the wall to a chimney-sweeper, I should have borne his insults silently.

By referring to printed documents, Mr. Evans has, done me a favour, which he did not intend. He has laid himself open to be convicted of at least wilful, if not of malignant misstatement. If, therefore, I succeed in proving that in a case in which he might have written the truth and nothing but the truth, he has preferred to subscribe his name to absolute falsehood, I may fairly claim that he shall not be believed when he ascribes to me the most brutal language, and the most immoral and malignant motives.

I will first observe, that it might naturally be supposed, that there could be no point of controversy between Mr. O. Evans and myself, excepting on the merits of what he calls the Columbian Steam Engine, and claims as his invention.—Personally we are strangers almost to one another. I recollect to have conversed with him five times only in my life.

The first time of my publicly stating an opinion on his claims, was when with others I presented a memorial to Congress, to which one of his papers professes to be an answer. It might be supposed that as the object of the memorial is confined to one single point, *his claim to the exclusive use of high steam*, he would have proved that the claim was just.

The memorial which is signed by Messrs. Copland, Ogden, Murray, and myself, does not, as Mr. Evans asserts, pray that his patent for steam engines, may *not be extended*. Not having a fair copy of the memorial, I cannot at present furnish it to you for publication, but shall do so as soon as I can obtain it from Washington. The memorial is founded on his advertised claim to the exclusive use of steam of a power above the atmosphere. It explains concisely the meaning of this expression, and asserts that steam of a power greater than the atmosphere has been invariably employed since the first invention of the steam engine. It goes on to acknowledge the talents and perseverance of Mr. Evans, and the obligations which the agriculture and commerce of the United States owe to the improvements in the manufacture of flour introduced by him into general use, and ultimately confines itself to the request, that in extending the term of his patent, it may be done in such a manner as to protect others from the lawsuits with which he threatens them.—The language of the memorial is studiously respectful to Mr. Evans; it does not deny any other claim to originality or merit in his engines which he may set up, but confines itself to the single threat of prosecution, which for twelve months past has appeared in the papers of this town against those who use steam above the power of the atmosphere. But instead of defending his claim, he first mistates altogether the object of the memorial, and then discussea the merits of a report presented to the Philosophical Society of America eleven years ago.

The report of which Mr. Evans speaks is contained in the first part of the 6th volume of the transactions of the American Philosophical Society, No. XIX, page 89, and is dated the 20th of May, 1803. I herewith send you the volume, in which the correctness of what I shall assert may be examined.

1. Mr. Evans says, that I have reported favorably of my works for supplying Philadelphia with water. Not a single word is contained in the report on the merits of my works. On the contrary, their imperfections are candidly stated.

2. The whole report contains not a single word respecting the propulsion of land carriages by steam: and consequently no demonstration of the impossibility of constructing them.

3. I have not demonstrated that navigation by steam is *impossible*, but after witnessing during 10 years residence in England, the failure of all attempts to navigate vessels by means of steam, and shortly previously to the date of the report having seen my most intimate friends give up their project at New-York, I expressed my doubts, whether the attempt would ever be *advantageously* accomplished; but its practicability is unequivocally admitted. For my doubts I have given six reasons, in substance as follows:—1. The weight of the engine and fuel—2. The large space it occupies—3. The tendency of the engine to rack the vessel—4. The expence of maintenance—5. The agitation in rough water—6. The weakness of the oars and paddles. As Mr. Fulton had not then appeared, with steam boats of from 200 to 400 tons, navigated by wheels, there was in the experience of every one who had attempted the project, ample evidence that my doubts were rational.—The inconveniences stated in the 1st and 2d reasons, are felt to this day, nor would they be avoided by substituting O. Evans's engine in the room of Bolton and Watt's. Mr. Cowan's engine *has not* the power of that on board the Vesuvius now ready to proceed from hence to New-Orleans. The boiler of the Vesuvius occupies a space of 24 feet long, by 9 wide, or 216 superficial feet. Mr. Cowan's boiler on Evans's construction consists of 4 cylinders 35 feet long and 3 feet 6 inches diameter, covering 490 superficial feet, and taking up more than twice the room of the other. The two next objections are not without their weight. The last has ceased by the introduction of wheels.

4. Mr. Evans asserts that I have added: *that* ONE *Oliver Evans was attempting to improve the steam engine by encreasing the elasticity of the steam, and demonstrated the project to be futile and absurd.* Now my words are as follows: after enumerating the engines at work or projected in America, I proceed:—Dr. Kinsey "has made some "other improvements in the construc-"tion of steam engines of which I shall "also give you some account. Nor "ought I to omit mention of a small en-"gine erected by Mr. Oliver Evans as "an experiment with which he grinds "plaister of Paris, nor of the steam "wheel of Mr. Briggs." And page 94, having mentioned the imperfections of my own wooden boiler, I have added, "A conical wooden boiler would not be "subject to some of them. Such a one "has been applied by Mr. Oliver Evans "to his small steam engine."

5. That any part of my report was rejected by the society, is utterly false. No vote whatever was taken on the subject. but the unanimous one that it should be printed, as it now lies in manuscript before me. But it is true that the following circumstance took place at the meeting of the society. To the words above quoted I had originally added the following:—"In this engine Mr. "Evans has availed himself of the ex-"periments and discoveries of Messrs. "Watt and Hornblower on the ratio in "which the power of the steam is en-"creased, a ratio of power much greater "than that of the temperature of the "steam indicated by the thermometer. "The inconvenience and danger con-"nected with the use of high steam as "experienced in England, will probably "defeat the utility of Mr. Evans's en-"gine."

Professor Patterson, who was in the chair, to whom I showed my manuscript report, and who thought highly of the merits of Mr. Evans's project, requested me, however, not to throw a damp upon his experiment by such a notice of it, and I immediately drew my pen through the passage he disapproved, as a matter of civility to Mr. Patterson, for whom I feel much esteem and friendship. That Mr. Patterson made some communication on the subject to Mr. Evans, who was not a member of the society, and could only know what passed from hearsay, appears evident: but I acquit the Professor of any share in the malignant use which Mr. Evans has made of his information.

Having thus in five instances proved the assertions of Mr. Evans to be wholly void of truth—assertions contained in only 15 lines of his answer, I might there safely stop. But I cannot conclude without most solemnly denying that I ever held to Mr. Evans the insulting and brutal language which he in the next paragraph attributes to me. And if it were possible, which I deny, that I could have uttered the first part of the sentence, it is utterly untrue that I ever attributed to myself motives of conduct so selfish and immoral as he pretends.

The motives to which he ascribes his own endeavours to accomplish the ruin of as meritorious a company of manufacturers as ever had the misfortune to be dependent upon a corporate body, annually changed, do him no honor:—he acted his part (as he says) because I was *supposed* to be one of that company.—The recorded deed of partnership might have set him to rights on that subject.

Whether the corporation acted wisely in destroying the rolling works at the Schuylkill engine, or have derived any advantage from the measure, I will not discuss. Pittsburgh has received benefit from the loss which Philadelphia suffered. To Mr. Rogers and Mr. Ernest of this place, to whom I am happy to testify my respect publicly, I may refer on this subject, for they were at that time engaged with the sompany.

The latter part of his answer I leave to share the fate of the former.

I have already occupied too much of your paper, but I have done, and done for ever. To no new scurrility shall I ever return an answer.

The merits of Mr. Evans's engine, not having been defended by him otherwise than by broad assertions as to their actual performance, and prophetic declamation as to the future wonders which they are to perform, I shall entirely avoid to enter into the subject. Besides, as I have no interest whatsoever in defending or condemning any particular construction of engines, I will not lend the weight, whatever it may be, of my opinion against the interests of those who have vested large property in Mr. Evans's engines. There are at least two in this town that perform usefully the service required of them. Were I convinced that they were superior to those of Bolton and Watt, I would pay for the use of the patent right for my own purpose. My interest consists in possessing the best possible engine, and I care not by what name it goes. If Evans's engines have really superior advantages, they cannot (nor ought they for the public good) to be concealed or denied, and they will take the place of all others. If they do not possess these advantages they will gradually fall into disuse; nor will all the puffs and certificates than can be published uphold them long.

B. H. LATROBE.

BOSTON, *March* 28.

NEWS from BERMUDA.

The late arrivals at Bermuda from Lnodon, besides furnishing the general detail of continental news, further state, that 10 or 15 ships of the line were coming from England, to join Admiral Cochrane, and that other reinforcements were in contemplation to be sent to America. The allies being sufficient to cope with France, they consider themselves as having no effective enemy but the U. S. and to coerce this power, they are determined to send such a competent force, as shall not only secure their provinces, but blockade the entire commerce of the U. States.

Boston, April 1.

We have accounts from Plattsburgh, to the 28th ult. On the 27th, the troops which have been for some time stationed at that place, were marched away; but whether they proceeded to the northward or southward we have not heard. They were furnished with impliments for clearing the roads. The campaign, for the year, appears to be opening. The effusion of blood will soon re-commence, unless prevented by a timely armistice, and we hear of no overture for that desirable object.

Boston, April 3.—*P. M.*

CONSTITUTION FRIGATE,

Chased into Marblehead.

An express has just arrived in town from Marblehead, to Com. Bainbridge, with the information that the Constitution frigate, Capt. Stewart, was chased into that port by a British squadron, about 1 o'clock this day, consisting of 2 frigates and 1 brig, and requesting assistance, as the enemy threaten, that unless the Constitution is surrendered, they will attack the town. Com. B. has ordered all the gun boats and naval officers here to repair immediately to the scene of action.

Postscript, 8 o'clock, P. M.

A gentleman just arrived from Salem, informs that the Constitution had succeeded in getting into that port, and is now thought to be out of danger.

NEW YORK, *March* 30.

The cartel Chauncey, for Gottenburg, it is expected, will sail this morning, after the arrival of the southern mail.

MUTINY at SANDY HOOK.

In our paper of Thursday last, we stated that the troops at Sandy Hook had mutinied, and that the ring-leaders had been arrested, brought to Town, and confined in the fort at the battery. The following particulars of this unhappy affair, we have received from a source, which entitles them to fullest credit.

— [*N. Y. Mercan. Adv.*

"On the 23d inst. a general meeting took place among the troops stationed at Sandy Hook. With the exception of lt. Anthony's detachment 2d artillery, the troops, one and all, refused to obey the orders of their officers to appear on parade. They stated as their reason, that government had not fulfilled their contract with them, as they had received only part of the bounty promised, and some of them had been 7 months in the service without pay. The officers commanding them, again exerted themselves to induce them to turn out, and they still refused. Capt. Hamilton then ordered two 6 pounders, to be brought down in front of the barracks, and charged with grape shot. The 3d artillery, under lt. Anthony having formed in line with the cannon, were ordered to load. Captain Hamilton then gave them 10 minutes to appear on parade, or take the consequences. The appearance of immediate death had the desired effect. They formed on parade, and were ordered to stack arms, which were taken from them; the ring-leaders of the mutiny were selected out, and sent under charge of Capt. Humphrey's, to Governor's Island for trial."

LATE from ALBANY.

The trial of Gen. Hull is finished, and the result forwarded to Washington city, where it will first be promulgated.

AUBURN, (*N. Y.*) *March* 23.

On Saturday last, 1300 men from the French Mills and Sackett's Harbour, of the 11th, under Maj. M'Neil, and 25th regt. under Col. Bailey, U. S. infantry, passed this village on their march to the frontiers. On Sunday Gen. Brown went through. And on Monday, the 3d regt. of artillery under Col. Mitchell, amounting to about 600 men, quartered here.—The artillery regt. on Tuesday, had orders, by express, to return immediately, and to march 30 miles a day. The 1300 men of the 11th and 25th regts. which passed on Saturday, are also re-passing thro' this village to day. The 9th and 21st regts. which quartered at Skaueteles, (7 miles below this place) on Monday evening, have also returned. The cause for this retrogade movement cannot, here, be ascertained. It is said that the British have evacuated Niagara, destroyed the fort, and made off towards Kingston, for the purpose of attacking Sackett's Harbor.

Rumour, says that the British had attacked the Harbor, which is the only cause of the troops returning. Another report, says, that the troops were purposely marched thus far with an intent only to draw off the British troops from Kingston, supposing that the moment they understood that Wilkinson's troops had gone to Niagara, that the British troops would set off from Kingston to Niagara, also; and thus, by the countermarching of our troops from Sackett's Harbor, we might get easy possession of Kingstsn, in the absence of the British. However, amongst all these rumors, we are entirely in the dark, as yet, for we cannot even learn from what quarter the express came. At any rate never did a body of men pack up their all in greater haste.

PLATTSBURGH, *March* 16.

Smuggling, both in and out of Canada, has been carried on, until lately to a great extent. A few days since, the far-famed Col. Clark, and Maj. Forsyth, with 500 infantry and 300 riflemen, were sent to the lines to interrupt the smugglers——Clark is on the east and Forsyth on the west side of the lake; the former brot' out 15 or 20 sleigh loads of public property, and the latter 15 or 20 prisoners.—This Col. & Maj. with their light troops carry more terror into the British provinces than Wilkinson's and Hampton's armies both did last fall.

Should our army move into Canada, and take a strong position, somewhere beyond la Cadie, and refuse to fight a general battle, but send out its riflemen, horse, light artillery, and as many light infantry as could be spared from the position, it is my opinion that they could take or drive in all the enemy's pickets round his position which he will take at Halfway House, or somewhere between St John's and the river St. Lawrence.—And, unless he should fall back and take a position with his rear on that river, cut off all his supplies, and force him to retreat to the river at least, and probably across it.

This kind of warfare, in the present state of the discipline of our army I think preferable to fighting general battles, even if our troops are more numerous, as the European troops understand fighting a general battle in the open field better than they do a partizan warfare.

From the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, April 2.

By the northern mail which arrived at 3 o'clock, we received a Plattsburgh paper, from which we have made the following extracts:

A SPY DETECTED.

At length by redoubled vigilance, in spite of the defects of our laws, the corruption of some of our citizens, and the arts and cunning of the enemy, one Spy, of the hundreds who roam at large over this frontier, has been detected, convicted and sentenced to death—He came from the enemy as a deserter, in the uniform of a British corps, had obtained a pass to go into the interior, visited this place, and was on his return to Canada, in citizen's clothes, when a virtuous citizen, who had seen him as he came from Canada, recognized and made him prisoner; and notwithstanding the arts of one of our citizens, who advised him to let the fellow go, brot' him to this place. He acknowledged he was a sergt. in the 103d regt. of British infantry, and calls himself Wm. Baker. We understand he is to be executed this day at 1 o'clock. Maj. Forsyth has advanced on the other side of the lake, and has now his quarters at Chazy or Champlain, we understand that a reinforcement is to join him today from this place. A great portion of the troops at this place, are now under marching orders—destination, a secret.

On Thursday last, Col. Clark, (*Old Rifle*) advanced with his detachment into the enemy's country as far as South river, captured their picket or advanced guard, took 60 stand of arms, a quantity ammunition, 1 hogshead of rum, 4 oxen and 6 horses, after which he returned to Missisquoi bay, planted the American standard and has there taken up his quarters. The Col. has been joined by Gen. Macomb with most of the infantry from this post. Previous to the Cols. invasion of the enemy's country, he gave positive orders to his detachment, in all instances to respect private property, under the pains and penalties of the rules and articles of war.

Report, says, that the enemy are preparing an expedition against some of our frontier towns; but from the preparations which Gen. Wilkinson has been making we believe they will meet with a warm reception, should they attempt to invade our territory.

WASHINGTON CITY, *April* 4.

House of Representatives.

Mr. Calhoun, from the committee of foreign relations, to whom was referred the message of the president of Thursday last, made the following report:

The committee of foreign relations, to whom was refered the message of the 31st March, submits to the house the following

REPORT:

Taking into consideration the great importance of the measures recommended, the committee think it a duty which they owe to the house and the nation, to state the grounds on which their report is founded. Uniting with the Executive in the policy of these measures, they wish to explain the reasons which have produced that union.

Of the past it is unnecessary to take a review; the attention of the committee is drawn with more solicitude to the future.

Previous to the late changes in Europe, the bearing of our restrictive measures was for the most part confined to our enemies; the obstruction to our commercial intercourse with the friendly powers of the world being in a manner insuperable. At present a prospect exists of an extended commercial intercourse with them, highly important to both parties, and which, it may be presumed, they will find an equal interest and disposition to promote. Denmark, all Germany and Holland, heretofore under the double restaint of internal regulation and external blockades and depredations from a commerce with the U. S. appears by late events to be liberated therefrom.

Like changes equally favorable to the commerce of this country appear to be taking place in Italy and the more extreme parts of the Mediterranean. With respect to Spain & Portugal, in the commerce with whom the U. S. have great interest, it may be expected that commerce may be carried on without the aid heretofore afforded to the enemy. Should peace take place between France and her enimies, including G. Britain, the commerce of the United States with France will fall under the very same remarks.

The consideration of an internal nature which urge a repeal of these acts, at this time, are not less forcible than those which has been already stated. Among those are the following: the committee are persuaded that it will considerably augment the public revenue, and thereby maintain the public credit; that it will enhance the price and promote the circulation of our produce, in lieu of specie, which has of late, become much the object of speculations tend to embarrass the government.

Mr. C. then, leave being given, reported the following bill.

A BILL

To repeal an act entitled "an act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the U. S. and so much of any act or acts as prohibits the importation of goods, wares, and merchandize of the growth, produce or manufacture of G. B. or Ireland, or of any of the colonies or dependencies thereof, or of any place or country in the actual possessioc of G. B. and for other purposes.

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted, &c.* That the act entitled an act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the U. S. passed on the 17th day of Dec. 1813, be and the same is hereby repealed; *Provided*, That all penalties and forfeitures which have been incurred under the said acts shall be recovered and distributed, and may be mitigated or remitted in like manner as if the said act had continued in full force and virtue.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That so much of any act or acts as prohibits the importation of goods, wares, or merchandize of the growth, produce or manufacture of G. B. or Ireland, or of any of the colonies or dependencies thereof or of any place or Country in the actual possession of G. B. be and the same is hereby repealed: *Provided*, That all fines, penalties and forfeitures incurred in virtue of the said act or acts, shall be recovered and distributed, and may be mitigated or remitted in like manner as if the same had continued in full force and virtue. *And, provided also*, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorise or permit the importation of goods, wares or merchandize, or any article the property of or belonging at the time of such importation to the enemy or enemies of the U. S.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That no foreign ship or vessel shall receive a clearance or be permitted to depart from the U. S. whose officers and crew shall not consist wholly of the citizens or subjects of the country to which such ship or vessel shall belong, or of a country in amity with the U. S. and no citizen of the U. S. shall be permitted to depart in such ship or vessel, without a passport or permission therefor, furnished under the authority and direction of the president of the U. S.

The bill having been twice read, Mr. Calhoun made the usual motion to refer it to a committee of the whole house.

The question on refering the bill to a committee of the whole, was decided in the affirmative by a large majority.

Washington City, April 8.

The bill to repeal the embargo & the non-importation acts, yesterday passed the house of representatives by a majority of nearly 80 votes. It has yet to pass the ordeal of the senate, where we presume it will be favorably received.—The debate which we published yesterday and to-day perhaps supersedes the necessity of remark from us. The bill has passed the popular branch of the legislature by so decided a majority, as must secure it a candid and respectful consideration, from those even who are most opposed to it, and a cordial welcome from those who, with us, have recently entertained a strong impression of the total inefficacy of the system, under the present circumstances of Europe, as a weapon of offence or annoyance to our *enemy*.

April 9.

The bill repealing the Embargo and non-importation laws, yesterday received its first reading in the senate.

From the Danbury (Conn.) Gazette.

DIED—At Boardman, (Ohio) on the 12th Feb. last, Major RICHARD ELLIOT, formerly of Kent, (Conn.) of the prevailing epidemic. The circumstances of his death are indeed truly extraordinary; they are thus stated in a letter from Mr. Comfort S. Mygatt, Esq. to the P. Master in this town, dated " Canfield, Ohio, Feb. 15, 1814.

" On Sabbath evening, about 9 o'clock returning from Poland, he (the deceased) observed two lights coming towards him, in the shape of half moons. When the lights met him, they seemed to inclose him in a circle round his breast, when a voice pronounced these words distinctly, *" are you prepared to die?"* He answered, *" that if it was GOD'S will, he thought he was!"* The lights then passed him a short distance, but turning back, they followed him until he arrived opposite the burying ground, where they made a stand, and he could observe them by looking back for half a mile. He told his wife these circumstances, on arriving at home, and assured her, he should live but a few days. He was perfectly resigned to his approaching fate, and appeared confident of everlasting happiness in a future and better world. Next morning he told his son, about 18 years old, that he must go and do some business for him at Mahoning, which he had expected to have done himself, for he would not live but a few days. On Monday morning, he went to his store, in the centre of Boardman, and he there informed Mr. C. Boardman, and others, of these circumstances, as I have related. When he shut up his store in the evening, he said he should never open it again. He sent for my neighbour, Doctor Bostwick, on Tuesday, and stated to him what he had seen, and his full belief of his approaching dissolution, and manifested a firm resignation to a kind and omnipotent Providence. After that day, he was somewhat deranged by turns, until the solemn scene with him, was closed forever.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY, *April* 15, 1814.

By the arrival of several gentlemen from Erie, we have been informed, that four or five of our small vessels were taken over the bar, with the intention of sending a part of them to Long Point to ascertain the situation of the enemy in that quarter, and the others to Put-in-Bay to bring down the Detroit and Queen Charlotte, to be fitted up for service the ensuing season.

The schooner Somers, which had remained at Malden during the winter, has arrived at Erie. She left Malden the 1st inst. and brings information that our troops had not evacuated that post. The enemy have not been heard of in that quarter since their defeat on the river Thames, by Capt. Holmes, about the beginning of last month. An officer who was in that engagement has arrived here. He came to Erie in the Somers

---

Retrace your steps.—When the ruinous restrictive measures of embargo, &c. were about being adopted, this salutary and friendly advice was given over and over again by the federalists in Congress, to the administration. It then was disregarded. But now, the President and majority in Congress finding it impossible to progress further in their ruinous policy, are anxious to abolish the ridiculous restrictive system, and retrace their steps.

This sudden change, however, has greatly perplexed the adherents of the administration—some openly condemn the change, and say it furnishes strong proof of the existence of French influence, which has so frequently been alledged to prevail in our councils—others, endeavour to hide their chagrin at the triumph of federal principles, and seek excuses for the President; but they ought to recollect, that a system radically bad, must be radically changed before any good effects can be produced.

The Court of Enquiry on the conduct of General Wilkinson, consists of Major Gen. Izard, Brig. Gen. M'Arthur, and Col. King.

☞ At a meeting of the Directors of the Pittsburgh Permanent Library Company, held the 11th of April, it was ordered, that the Librarian commence the letting of Books, agreeably to the established regulations, on Thursday the 15th instant.

The time of attendance at the Library Room (until the 1st of November) will be every *Tuesday* and *Thursday* from 5 till 8 o'clock, P. M. and on *Saturday*, from 3 till 8 P. M.

A. M. BOLTON, *Sec'y*,
April 14, 1814.

At a meeting of a number of the inhabitants of Pittsburgh, held at the house of Wm. Morrow, on Monday the 11th April, 1814,

ABM. KIRKPATRICK, Chairman,
E. PENTLAND, Secretary.

The meeting were informed, by John Finley and John Welsh, that incendiary letters had been lately sent through their neighborhood, demanding money, and in case of the refusal thereof threatening to burn and destroy the property of such as refused payment; and that on the night the 3d inst. the still-house of the former, and the horse mill, and a quantity of grain contained therein, belonging to the latter had been actually set on fire and consumed, by some person unknown. One of said letters having been read, the meeting after consideration,

Resolved, That a subscription be opened for raising a fund to be applied to the purpose of offering a reward of $1000 for the detection and conviction of the perpetrators of the villany; and for the assistance of those who may be injured in their property.

Resolved, That a committee of seven be appointed and instructed to address circular letters to the influential inhabitants of the county on this subject, giving them such information as they may have in their power, and requesting the information of similar associations for the purpose of suppressing such incendiary practices.

Ordered, That *E. Pentland, S. Douglass, J. M. Snowden, Woolman Gibson, J. M'Donald, Chas. Wilkins, and Geo. Allison*, be a committee for the purpose expressed in said resolution; and that they be instructed in behalf of this meeting to offer a reward of $ 1000, for the apprehension and conviction of the incendiaries.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the *Mercury, Gazette*, and *Commonwealth*.

A. KIRKPATRICK, *Chairman*,
Attest—E. PENTLAND, *Secretary*.

BOARDING SCHOOL.

MRS. GAZZAM'S SEMINARY,

Removed from the corner of Fourth and Market streets, to the house formerly occupied by Philip Mowry, Esqr. in Fifth, near Market street, where,

YOUNG Ladies are instructed in orthography, reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, geography, composition, and needl-work at $ 4 per quarter—Musick and drawing separate charges. The junior classes are taught spelling, reading, sewing, etc. at $ 3.

In addition to the day school, Mrs. G. proposes to take twelve young ladies to board, whose tuition will be on the same terms as the day scholars, and their hours so appropriated as to improve the health of body and mind. They will be taught to cut, make, & repair their own clothes. They will be permitted to visit their parents once a week, (if in town) but to receive no young visitors, unless attended by a servant. Terms of boarding, $125 per annum, payable quarterly.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1814 tfq

GEORGE GIBSON,

RESPECTFULLY informs the publick that he has succeeded Sim. Drum, senior, in his well known stand in Greensburgh, Pennsylvania, at the Sign of

Captain Lawrence,

Where he is now prepared to accommodate travellers and others in a style not inferior to any in the western country.—Attached to the establishment are extensive stabling, and the greatest pains will always be taken to provide good hostlers and other servants.

April 8, 1814.

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

HAVE ON HAND AND OFFER FOR SALE ON REASONABLE TERMS,

TWO hundred bales N. Orleans cotton,

TWENTY Faggots English Crowley steel, warranted,
2 Tons Swedish blister do do
100 Faggots Truman's crowley, do
3 Tons American blister do
100 Bbls New Orleans sugar
16 Tons Logwood
20 Tubs German steel
300 Boxes Geneva window glass
1000 lbs Refined Salt petre
5000 lbs Crude do do
50 Dozen spades and shovels.

ROBINSON & BARBER,
Wood strt. Corner Water & Front strs.
April 8, 1814. tfq

WANTED.

An Apprentice

To the PRINTING BUSINESS,
Enquire at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

At Fort Fayette Barracks

Where a Rendezvous is opened to receive a few active young men, of sober and steady habits, to serve in the 22d regt. U. S. infantry, to whom will be given, a bounty,

Of 124 Dollars, aad 160 Acres of Land,

WORTH at this time, $ 9 per Acre; also, at the rate of $8 per month, to each private, and $ 11 per month to non-commissioned officers.

Immediate application must be made as the ranks of said regiment are nearly full. Good rations and handsome clothing will be found for all such as above described. None, of a contrary character need apply to

JOHN GREENE,
Adjutant 22d Infantry.

April 9, 1814.

N. B. Encouragement of *Speedy promotion*, to young men who write a good hand.

DOCTOR BAINBRIDGE,

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE INHABITANTS OF

PITTSBURGH,

THAT he intends to practice for the future in this town, where his residence is in Diamond Square, and where he hopes by his skill and attention to merit the good will and respect of those under his care.

Dr. B. has in his possession the original receipes of the celebrated Dr. Eutrich, whose fame resounded through different parts of Europe, and he prepares the *Tooth Powder* invented by him, which will be found, on a single trial, to surpass every other, as it removes all impurities from the teeth, and renders them exquisitely white, and immediately cures the scurvy in the gums.

Those persons who may unfortunately labour under coughs, asthmas, influenzas, and approaching consumptions, will find it their interest to consult him, as he has had great opportunity of observing the progress of those diseases in Europe as well as in America, and particularly in the 10th Regiment last winter.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1814

TURNPIKE ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY

GIVEN, that agreeable to an act to incorporate a company for the purpose of making an artificial road from Greensburgh to Pittsburgh, books will be opened to receive subscription to the stock of said company on Monday the 16th day of May next in Pittsburgh at the house of Wm. Morrow.

Wm. M'Candless,
John Darragh,
Philip Gilland,
James Morrison,
} Commis'rs for Allegheny County.

April 11, 1814. 4wq

Valuable Property
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the very valuable Property on which he resides, at the corner of Market and Fourth Streets, and extending in depth to Chancery Lane, with all the improvements thereon. In order to accommodate those who may feel inclined to purchase it will be sold together or in such portions as will accommodate. He thinks it useless to recapitulate the many advantages which this property possesses as a stand for business, or as a convenient and pleasant dwelling for a private family.—The buildings are in complete repair, and the Brick House is built of the best materials in the modern style, and in the most substantial manner. This property is clear of ground rent, or any other incumbrance whatever. For terms apply to WOOLMAN GIBSON.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1814.

NOTICE.

All persons indebeed to the estate of

GEORGE MEVEY, late of Fayette township, deceased, are requested to make payment on or before the 1st of June next ensuing the date hereof; and all those having demands against said estate, to forward them properly atttested for settlement.

MARGARET MEVEY, Exe'rx.
HENRY NOBLE, Exe'r.
April 8, 1814.

FOR SALE,

A House and Lot in the borough of Pittsburgh, situated in Fifth street between Wood and Smithfield sts. containing on Fifth street 60 feet and extending back towards Diamond alley 130 feet, being part of lot No. 385, so marked in Col. Woods's plan of the town.—The terms will be reasonable, and the credit liberal, viz: one half cash and the remainder for a number of years at interest. Apply to me, on the premises who will shew the property.

WM. KEPNER.
April 6, 1814 3w*

CHEAP CASH STORE,

Between Third and Fourth Streets, next door to Cunningham's, *and opposite* Johnston & Co

THE SUBSCRIBER

Having received a NEW supply of *Goods*, in addition to his old Stock, is now enabled to offer for Sale a very handsome spring assotment of LIGHT & FANCY ARTICLES, viz:—

IRISH LINENS British shirting, long lawn, elegan cotton cambricks, bombazets, ladies colon hose, dressed and undressed calicoes ginghams, leno, muslins, dimity, a handsome assortment of silks, shawls, &c. &c. good domestic cottons.

ALSO, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Broadcloths, superfine and common
Cassimers, cords, plains, velvets, &c.
Blankets from 6-4 to 12-4
Assortment of flannels
Elegant assortment of ladies and childrens' morocco and kid shoes & sandals
Liquors and Groceries of all kinds—together with a good assortment of knives and forks
Hardware in general

☞ Shad and Herrings by the barrell.

Customers may rest assured that the above Goods will be sold on the same moderate terms as heretofore. The smallest favor will be gratefully acknowledged, and the greatest attention paid to all who may call upon him.

ELIAS WILLIAMS.
Pittsburgh, April 4th, 1814.

Valuable Property
FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE Merchant Mill, with two run of stones, and a complete set of merchant cloths exclusive of two good country cloths. Also, a good Sawmill, with 50 acres of Land; this property lays on Little Beaver creek six miles from the river Ohio. These mills stand on a never failing stream, sufficient to work both wheels day and night. There is on the premises another seat for water-works equally as good as the above, it is an overshot for a 10 feet wheel. Any person wishing to purchase this property, which is at least equal to any in the western country, will make speedy application to the subscriber on the premises, as he shall leave home about the middle of May, and will not return for two months. Possession can be had immediately.

MOSES DILLON.
April 7, 1814.

COTTON & SUGAR.

60,000 lbs New Orleans Sugar,
90 Bales of Cotton,

ALL OF THE FIRST

QUALITY to be delivered in all May and June next—for sale by

SAML. SMITH.
April 1, 1814. tfq

FLOUR BARRELS.

A generous price will be given for

FLOUR BARRELS,

MADE of the best stuff, at the Pittsburgh Steam Mill.

April 5, 1814. tfq

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE BY BOSLER & CO.

NEW Orleans Sugar, of a superior quality, in barrels.
Coffee in bags.
Logwood.
New-Orleans Cotton.
Rum.

April 6, 1814.

ANDREW OSTHOFF, GOLD & SILVERSNITH,

(LATELY FROM BALTIMORE,)

Acknowledges with

PLEASURE the liberal encouragement he has received, and would inform his friends and the public that he has removed from the house he occupied heretofore, 4 doors above his former stand, in Diamond alley—where he will thankfully receive and promptly execute orders in his line of business.

☞ Wanted: one or two apprentices to the above business. Boys of reputable connexions will meet with encouragement.

April 1, 1814. 3t*

SIX CENTS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, living in St. Clair township, Allegheny county, a servant girl named SALLY LOOMAN, between 16 and 17 years of age. See took with her a variety of cloathing. The above reward but no charges, will be paid to any person who will bring her home.

GEORGE KINTZER.
April 6, 1814.

NOTICE.

THE business heretofore conducted under the firm of *Isaac Bean & Co.* is this day mutually dissolved. All persons, therefore, who have accounts to settle with said firm are requested to present them for adjustment to ISAAC BEAN, who is legally authorised to settle the same.

ISAAC BEAN,
FREDERICK RAPP.
Pittsburgh, April 5, 1814.

HARD-WARE STORE,

JUST OPENED,

Second door from Fourth street on the West side of Market street,

WHERE THE SUBSCRIBER

Offers for sale, and intends keeping constantly on hand a general assortment of Foreign and Domestick

Hardware, Cutlery, Saddlery &c.

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

KNIVES and Forks; Pen knives; Razors and scissors; best German Oil flints; Socket shovels and spades; Cradling Corn and Grass scythes; Box coffee mills; English, German & American steel; Iron and Brass wire; Iron knitting pins; Glue; Windsor soap.—A handsome assortment of plated Bitts; Stirrup irons, and Bridle fronts; Straining Girth and Boot webbing.

ALSO,

A FEW BOXES OF SUPERIOR QUALITY

COTTON CARDS.

Which he will sell wholesale and retail on the most reasonable terms.

BENJ. DARLINGTON.
April 1st 1814 tfq

PITTSBURGH WIRE

MANUFACTORY.

The subscriber has on hand, and offers

FOR SALE.

AT THE PHILADELPHIA PRICES,

WITH the addition of carriage, an assortment of *WIRE*, made of the Juniata iron, from No. 1 to No. 24, inclusive. Any higher number made agreeable to order. He hopes that the manufacturers and merchants of the western country, will give him a portion of their custom, to support a new and large establishment.

Square inch iron, will be rolled down for smiths and other mechanics, at the following prices, viz:

To 7-8 one dol. per cwt.

6-8	two	do	do	do
5-8	three	do	do	do
4-8	four	do	do	do
3-8	five	do	do	do

WM: EICHBAUM.
March 28, 1814

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

The Partnership of

BANTON & KEPNER, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of April, 1814. All persons indebted to said firm will pay their respective dues to WILLIAM KEPNER, and those having demands against it, will apply to him for payment.

WILLIAM BANTON,
WILLIAM KEPNER.
Pittsburgh, April 14, 1814.

The business in future will be conducted at the *Old Stand*, corner of Market and Front Streets, by

WILLIAM KEPNER,

Who has constantly on hand, a general assortment of

COPPER & TIN WARE,

and will be enabled to supply those who may please to call on him, on the most reasonable terms, and to their entire satisfaction.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURING COMPANY, *April* 1, 1814.

A meeting of the Stockholders of " The Pittsburgh Manufacturing Company,"

WILL be held at their office, the 9th day of May next, for the purpose of taking into consideration the transfer of their stock to the Bank of Pittsburgh, agreeably to the provisions of an act of Assembly " regulating banks."

By order of the president & directors,
A. JOHNSTON, *Jr. Ch'f Clk.*

BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

NOTICE is hereby given, that agreeably to the provisions of an " Act regulating Banks," Books will be opened for the purpose of receiving subscriptions of Stock to the Bank of Pittsburgh on the 10th day of May next at the Office of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Company.

JOHN M. SNOWDEN,
THOMAS CROMWELL,
DENNIS S. SCULLY,
JOHN SPEAR,
GEORGE DAWSON,
JAMES MARTIN,
JOSEPH WILSON,
ROBERT HILANDS,
} Commissioners for Allegheny County.

Pittsburgh, March 31, 1814. 6.

FARMERS & MECHANICS *Bank of Pittsburgh.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that agreeably to the provisions of an " Act regulating Banks," Books will be opened for the purpose of receiving subscriptions of Stock to the Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Pitttsburgh at the following places on the 10th May next, viz:—at the house of Wm. Morrow, in Pittsburgh; at the house of Jno. Walker, in Elizabeth Town; and at the house of Henry Noble, in Nobleestown.

JACOB NEGLEY,
JOHN NEAL,
GEORGE EVANS,
JOHN FEARIS,
THO. HAZLETON,
GEORGE STEWARD,
GEORGE ROBINSON,
} Commissioners for Allegheny County.

Pittsburgh, March 31, 1814.

APPROVED
FAMILY MEDICINES.

Which are celebrated for the cure of most diseases to which the human body is liable.

Prepared only by the sole proprietor,

T. W. DYOTT, M. D.

Grandson of the late Dr. Robertson,

OF EDINBURG,

SOLD WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN PHILADELPHIA ONLY,

At his Family Medicine Warehouse,

North east corner of Race and north Second Streets.

DR. ROBERTSON'S

Celebrated Stomachic Elixir of Health:

PRICE $1 and fifty cents; one of the most efficacious medicines ever offered to the public, for the speedy relief and cure of obstinate coughs, colds, consumptions, the hooping cough, asthmas, pains and wind in the stomach, removing habitual costiveness, sickness at the stomach, dysentaries, cholera morbus, severe gripings, the summer griping complaint in children, &c. &c.

DR. ROBINSON'S

VEGETABLE NERVOUS CORDIAL,

Or, Nature's Grand Restorative,

Price one dollar and fifty cents.

Is confidently recommended, as the most efficacious medicine, for the speedy relief and cure of all nervous complaints, attended with inward weakness, depression of the spirits, head-ache, tremor, faintness, hysteric fits, debility, seminal weakness, gleets, and various complaints resulting from secret impropriety of youth and dissipated habits, residence in warm climates, the immoderate use of tea, the unskillful or excessive use of mercury, so often destructive to the human frame, diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life, fluor albus, barrenness, &c.

Under the denomination of nervous disorders are included several diseases of the most dangerous kind, and are so various, that a volume would hardly suffice to complete a description of them.—It pervades, with its baleful influence the whole nervous system, writhing the heart with inexpressible anguish, and exciting the most dreadful suggestions of horror and despair. To this demon have thousands fallen a sacrifice, in the direful transports of its rage.

The most common symptoms of its commencement, are weakness, flatulence, palpitations, watchfulness, drowsiness after eating, timidity, flashes of heat and cold, numbness, cramp, giddiness, pains in the head, back and lines, hickup, difficulty of respiration and deglutition, anxiety, dry cough, &c.

Dr. Robertson's celebrated Gout and Rheumatic Drops, (price two dollars)—a safe and effectual cure for the gout, rheumatism, lumbago, stone and gravel, swelling & weakness of the joints, sprains, bruises, and all kinds of green wounds, the cramp, pains in the head, face and body. stiffness in the neck, chilblains, frozen limbs, &c.

Dr. Robertson's patent stomachic Bitters, (price one dollar) which are celebrated for strengthening weak stomachs, increasing the appetite and a certain preventive and cure for the fever and ague &c. &c.

For the fever and ague, a malady so prevalent throughout the southern states and so afflicting to families residing in all low countries, redundant with marshes, lakes, stagnated pools, rivers, etc. etc. These celebrated and universally esteemed bitters, have surpassed any remedy ever administered, for the relief and cure of that most obstinate oppressor of the human frame, numberless instances of their efficacy have been testified, after the barks, and various other extolled prescriptions failed, they proved successful, to the admiration of those who experienced and witnessed their happy effects.

Dr. Robertson's infallible Worm Destroying Lozenges, a medicine highly necessary to be kept in all families—price 50 cents.

SYMPTOMS.

The common symptoms of the Worms are, paleness of the countenance, at other times flushing of the face, itching of the nose and about the seat, starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep, swelling of the upper lip, the appetite sometimes bad, at other times voracious; looseness, disagreeable breath, a hard swelled belly, great thirst, the urine frothy, and sometimes of a whitish colour, griping or cholic pains, an involuntary discharge of saliva, especially when asleep; frequent pains in the side, with a dry cough, and unequal pulse; palpitations of the heart, swoonings, cold sweats, palsy, epileptic fits, etc. etc.

Those numberless medicines are extolled for expelling and killing worms, none are equal in efficacy to Dr. Robertson's WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES, they are mild in their operation, and may be given to the youngest infant with safety.

Dr. Dyott's Anti-bilious Pills—for the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers. Price 25 cents; large boxes 50 cents.

These pills, if timely administered, will remove the causes which commonly produce the yellow fever, bilious fevers, ague and fever, cholic pains, flatulencies, indigestions, costiveness, hypocondrics and hysteric complaints, stranguary, gravel, rheumatism and gout.

They are peculiarly serviceable in female disorders, and specially in the removal of those obstructions which are the great source of the complaints at certain periods, they possess this eminent advantage over most other purgatives, that while they operate gently, they produce neither costiveness, debility, nor too great excitement, whenever there is a predisposition to a disease, arising from marsh effluvia, a too copious use of ardent spirits, or a vitiated state of the bile they are sure to relieve.

Dr. Dyott's Patete Itch Ointment—for pleasantness, safety, expedition, ease and certainty, is infinitely superior to any other medicine for the cure of that most disagreeable and tormenting disorder, the ITCH. Price 50 cents per box.

Dr. Dyott's Infallible Tooth Ache Drops—(Price 50 cents.)

Circassian Eye Water, celebrated for curing most disorders of the eyes—(Price 50 cents.)

Dr. Tissot's celebrated Cout and Rheumatic Drops—(price two dollars.)

The Vegetable Balm of Life, (price one dollar.

The Balm of Iberia—extracted from an Iberian plant, for curing defects of the skin, and improving the complexion, &c.—Price two dollars.

The Restorative Dentrifice, for cleansing, whitening, and preserving the teeth and Gums—Price 50 cents per box.

Since the above invaluable medicines were first discovered, upwards of *seven hundred thousand persons* have experienced their happy and salutary effects, many of whom from the lowest stages on their disorders.

Take notice that each and all the above genuine medicines are signed on the outside covers, with the signature of the sole proprietor.

T. W. DYOTT, M D.

☞ A supply of the above Medicines just received and for Sale by Messrs. J. P. & J. W. SKELTON, Druggists, Pittsburgh, where pamphlets containing certificates of cures, &c. may be had gratis.

J. P. & J. W. Skelton,

Corner of Wood and Third Streets,

PITTSBURGH.

(Sole Agents for the Western Country)

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY

OF

PAUL'S PATENT COLUMBIAN

OIL.

THIS valuable Medicine having been established upwards of three years, and its virtues sufficiently exemplified by the number of respectable certificates repeatedly laid before the public, it therefore now only becomes necessary for the information of those who may not have had an opportunity of perusing the certificates, to detail a few of the cases wherein the Oil has been so wonderfully efficacious. Printed handbills containing certificates, may be always had, gratis, from the Agents, who will keep a constant supply of the Oil.

The following are the complaints in which the Columbian Oil has been found so efficacious, and rarely ever fails of effecting a cure, viz——Rheumatism, Consumption, Pains in any part of the body but particularly in the back and breast, Colds and Coughs, Tooth-ache, Spleen, Pleurisies, Cholic, Cramps, external and internal bruises, Sprains and Flesh Wounds, Scalds and Burns, Dysentery or Bloody Flux, Croup and the Summer Complaint in Children, and in weak stomach, that is caused by indigestion, a constant sinking and loss of appetite, it will act as a powerful bracer to the relaxed fibre and restore it to its proper tone, Whooping Cough and Mumps.

It seems as though nature ranked it the first of the class of all pectorals and expectorals for the relief of the breast and lungs, as it scarcely ever fails of removing obstruction in either, particularly those who are troubled with Phthisic and Asthmatic complaints, who in the act of walking fast, stooping or lying down are almost suffocated, half a teaspoonful of the Columbian Oil will render some relief instantaneously, and if continued agreeably to the directions in such cases, will prove a radical cure by producing the full power of inflation to the lungs and free expansion of the breast.

To the Public.—In order to prevent deception, the public are cautioned not to purchase any Oil that may be offered as "Paul's Patent Columbian Oil," that does not bear the true characteristics as published by my principal and sole agent Doctor John Love, of Baltimore.

THOMAS PAUL, Patentee.

Baltimore, March 21, 1812.

WANTED,

An Apprentice

To the PRINTING BUSINESS,

Enquire at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

DOCTOR HANDY'S,
WORM DESTROYING
LOZENGES,

A safe and efficacious Medicine for destroying and bringing away

WORMS.

MAY be used with safety by children of any age, or as common physic by the most delicate constitution, in any climate, without restraint of diet, or the smallest danger from cold. It may be given with advantage after the small-pox or measles; or as a family medicine, in any case where physic is necessary. The most frequent seat of worms in the human body, is the intestinal tube; but occasionally they have been found in almost every other part of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms*, of an unusual form and appearance, being brought away by these Lozenges, have been made public in England, where the rapid sale of the medicine has exceeded any thing of the kind ever known before; and has also proved, to a demonstration, its approved superiority, as an athelminthick, to the numerous puffed-up, useless nostrums, which are daily advertised in the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable Medicine* has often been known to remove half a pot-full of the Teres or Round Worms.

A few doses are generally sufficient to remove the Ascarides, a small white worm, the seat of which is either the stomach or rectum.

Even the *Tape Worm*, at all times the most difficult to destroy, may, by persevering in the frequent use of this medicine, be totally removed in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of people who are not known here, and living at a great distance, would be useless, and take up too much of the reader's time. We shall therefore only observe, for the benefit of those who are unacquainted with the symptoms of worms, that they are known or suspected to exist by a pain in the stomach, attended with a sudden depression of spirits before eating; at other times, the belly is hard, painful and distended with wind—costiveness, head-ache, and trembling of the limbs, with a sense of something rising in the throat—pale complexion and emaciated body, with weakness and irregular appetite—convulsive, epileptic, or falling fits—pains in the back and side, and frequent itching of the nose, and sometimes of the anus. The above, and a long train of afflicting diseases may all be occasioned by worms, which are much oftener the cause of death than is commonly believed.

The above valuable Medicine is sold only by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their wholesale and retail Drug Store, at the corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh.

December 13, 1813.

TRAVELLER'S INN,
MAYSVILLE, KY.

EVER grateful for past favours, the subscriber informs his friends and the public, that the additions already made to his TRAVELLER'S INN renders it one of the most extensive and convenient establishments of the kind in this part of the country—being 33 feet on Water street by 93 feet on Centre alley; his Stables are also enlarged and attended by an excellent Ostler—assures those Gentlemen and Ladies who may favor him with a call, that every exertion will be made to make Traveller's Inn a place of entertainment for genteel guests only.

COMMISSION BUSINESS

Attended with the usual promptitude and attention to the reception of Merchandize and Country Produce.

SAMUEL JANUARY.

Maysville, Ky. January 18, 1814. 1y.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of *E. Jones*, esq. late sheriff of St. Clair township, Allehegny county, deceased are requested to come forward and make payment, and all those having demands against said estate are required to present them, properly attested, for settlement. For the convenience of those concerned the subscriber proposes attending in February next, on Mondays and Tuesdays, at his own house in Ohio township, and on the three following days in each week, at the house of Mr. Hoffer, sign of the Spread Eagle, in Front street, Pittsburgh. Persons interested will do well to attend to this notice and save trouble.

JOHN WAY, *Administrator, cum testamento annexo de bonis testatoris non.*

January 25, 1814.

Doctor CHISHOLM'S
Anti-Bilious Pills,

OF A QUALITY

Superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a

GENERAL MEDICINE,

IN THIS COUNTRY,

Now prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates

This extraordinary medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of Anti-Bilious Pills. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuant of bile, is without example; never producing debility, or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child, or weakly female.

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excrutiating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by causing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains*, wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flax-seed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and *diseases of the liver*, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills, taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case, the dose may be increased according to the strength or constitution.

The *Dysentery*, *Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY in Pittsburgh, by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON

At their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

February 1814.

Travellers Rest.

MAYSVILLE or LIMESTONE, (Ken.)

December 20, 1813.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a

House of Entertainment

in the Town of Maysville, (Ken.) on Water Street, and convenient to the mouth of Limestone creek, where he has provided himself with every necessary for the convenience of those who may favor him with a call. He has also a large and convenient WARE-HOUSE near the mouth of Limestone creek, for the reception of Goods, &c. where strict attention will be paid to the Storage and Commission business. From his attention to business, and the convenience of his situation, he hopes to share a part of the public patronage.

WILLIAM PORTER

BUILDING LOTS.

FOR Rent, on Perpetual Lease, a number of elegant building LOTS, bounding on Front and Second streets, and Redoubt alley, Pittsburgh, known by the name of Mrs. Adams's garden.—These Lots are situated in a rapidly improving part of the Borough; and are well worthy the attention of persons wishing a good scite for Warehouses, &c. For terms, which will be reasonable, apply at the Office of the Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company.

February 2, 1814. tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Doctor JOHN M'DOWELL, deceased, will make payment without delay; and those having demands against said estate, will present them legally proven, for payment.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, } *Executors.*
WALTER FORWARD, }

29th March, 1814.

BRIGHTON IRON WORKS
FOR SALE.

THIS elegant establishment consists of a *Furnace*, *Forge*, *Grist* and *Saw Mill*, together with extensive Coal, Store and Dwelling Houses, situate at the middle falls of Big Beaver creek, one mile from navigable water, 3 miles from the Ohio, 3 miles from the town of Beaver, and 28 miles from Pittsburgh. The Grist and Saw Mill are now usefully employed, and can be made very productive at a small expence. The Furnace and Forge are equal to any in the western country. The scite for water works comprises advantages equal if not superior to any on the Brandywine. The adjacent country abounds with ore, fuel and provisions, and the facility of transportation by water from the works to every part of the western country promises a sure and steady market for all its productions. The works are well supplied with first rate forge and furnace hands. The forge is now in operation, and the usual number of hands and teams are constantly employed in providing stock for a new blast, which it is intended shall take place about the 1st of March next, whether sold or not. The casting house is spacious and well supplied with flasks, patterns, and other requisite articles.—Possession can be given either before or after the first of March, as may be agreed upon, a fair price being given for the stock on hand.

ALSO FOR SALE.

A valuable Tract of Land on the east side of the creek, opposite the Iron Works, affording a scite for water works equal to any on the creek, on which is erected a Grist Mill *and two Dwelling* Houses, and a small Farm opened.—The whole of this property will be sold together or separate as may best suit the purchaser, and the terms made easy.

Apply to OLIVER ORMSBY, in Pittsburgh, or the subscriber on the premises.

JEREMIAH BARKER.

Brighton, 25th January, 1814.

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

THE partnership trading under the firm of ROE & LAWSON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment to JOHN ROE, who is duly authorised to settle all the accounts of said firm.

JOHN ROE,
JOHN LAWSON.

Pittsburgh, September 23, 1813.

In future the business will be conducted by

JOHN ROE.

He wishes to inform the public that he has removed his workshops from Anthony Beelen's Foundry to *Hugh & Jos. Jelly's* New Cotton Factory, on the Allegheny, where he intends carrying on the *Cotton* and *Wool Machine-making* business as usual, such as Picking, Carding, Drawing, Roving, Mules, Stretching Frames, Thrussels, and every other article in the said business; also Wool Cards, Billies and Jennies.

From his long experience at the Union Factory in Maryland, and other parts of the United States, in the above branches, he flatters himself that in future he will be able to fill his orders with more expedition, as his laths and other operators will be drove by steam.

N. B. All orders will be received and thankfully attended to.

BRASS FOUNDERY.

THE subscriber takes the liberty to inform his friends and the public in general, that having procured some of the most experienced workmen from the city of Baltimore; and having entered largely in the BRASS FOUNDERY business, he flatters himself, to be able to furnish any castings of Copper or Brass upon as good terms as they can be obtained either in Baltimore or Philadelphia—such as

Andirons of the newest fashions,
Candlesticks, Carpet Rods,
Still Cocks, Rivets,
Salder, Clock Castings,
Bells of any description,
And all kinds of Castings of Machinery,
All kinds of Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Work,

Upon as good terms as they can be had in the place. A very handsome assortment of TIN WARES—on hand, a few large STILLS, of the best quality, at one dollar per gallon. Coppersmiths, Merchants, and others, who will favor him with their orders, for any thing in the above branches, shall be punctually and promptly attended to.

GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

N. B. The highest price in Cash, will be given for Old Copper, Brass & Pewter.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 26, 1814. tf.

TO LET,
A Still House,

WITH two stills fixed, and all the fixtures necessary for rectifying, making cordials, &c. on a large scale.

Apply to

HENRY HOLDSHIP.

March 30; 1814.